

# **Industrial Automation**

## **(Automação de Processos Industriais)**

### **GRAFCET**

### ***(Sequential Function Chart) 2/3***

<http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~jag/courses/api1718/api1718.html>

Prof. José Gaspar, 2017/2018

# Creating a Sequential Function Chart in Unity

The screenshot displays the Unity Pro M software interface for creating a Sequential Function Chart (SFC). The main window shows the SFC editor with a grid of steps (1-7) and transitions (1-6). The chart includes states S\_1\_4, S\_1\_1, S\_1\_2, and S\_1\_3. Transitions are labeled with %I0.2.0, my\_trans, and NOT %I0.2.2. A Project Browser on the left shows the project structure, including Configuration, Derived Data Types, Derived FB Types, Variables & FB instances, Motion, Communication, Program, Tasks, and MAST. The MAST folder is expanded to show Sections (tst1\_sfc, Chart, Unused Macros, Actions, Transitions) and other SFCs (tst2\_sfc, tst3\_sfc, tst4\_timing). The bottom status bar shows 'Ready', 'HMI R/W mode', 'OFFLINE', 'TCPIP: 127.0.0.1', and 'MEM'.

**Chart: [MAST - tst1\_sfc]**

Step	Transition	State
1		S_1_4
2	%I0.2.0	
3		S_1_1, S_1_2
4	my_trans	
5		S_1_3
6	NOT %I0.2.2	
7		

**Transition 1 (Step 1 to 2):** Transition controlled by the input %i0.2.0. Force this input to 1 to see the SFC jumping to the next steps.

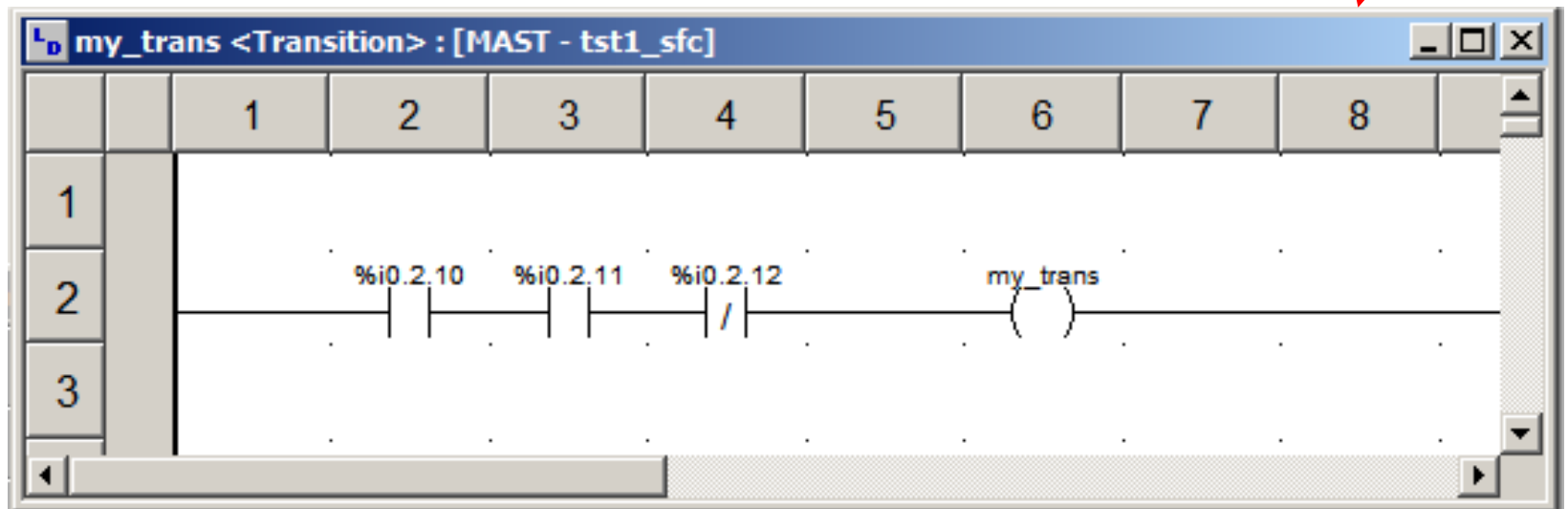
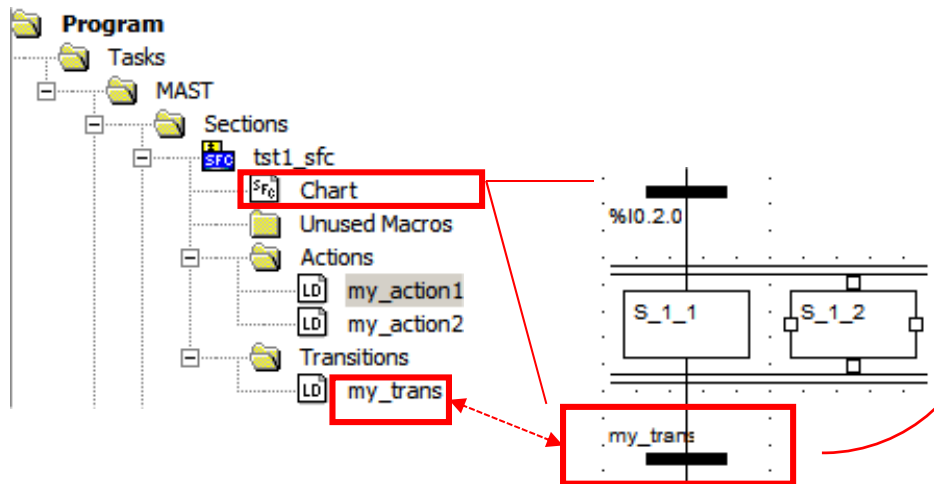
**Transition 2 (Step 2 to 3):** See inside S\_1\_2 actions 3 outputs being set

**Transition 3 (Step 3 to 4):** Can use variables and functions. Edit function my\_trans to see the inputs it depends on.

**Transition 4 (Step 4 to 5):** Negated variable is offered directly by the GUI.

**Transition 5 (Step 5 to 6):** Run this experiment in simulation. Force to 1 the transitions and see everything running fast.

## Transitions can be sections



## Properties of **Transition Sections** (Unity Pro)

Transition sections have the following properties:

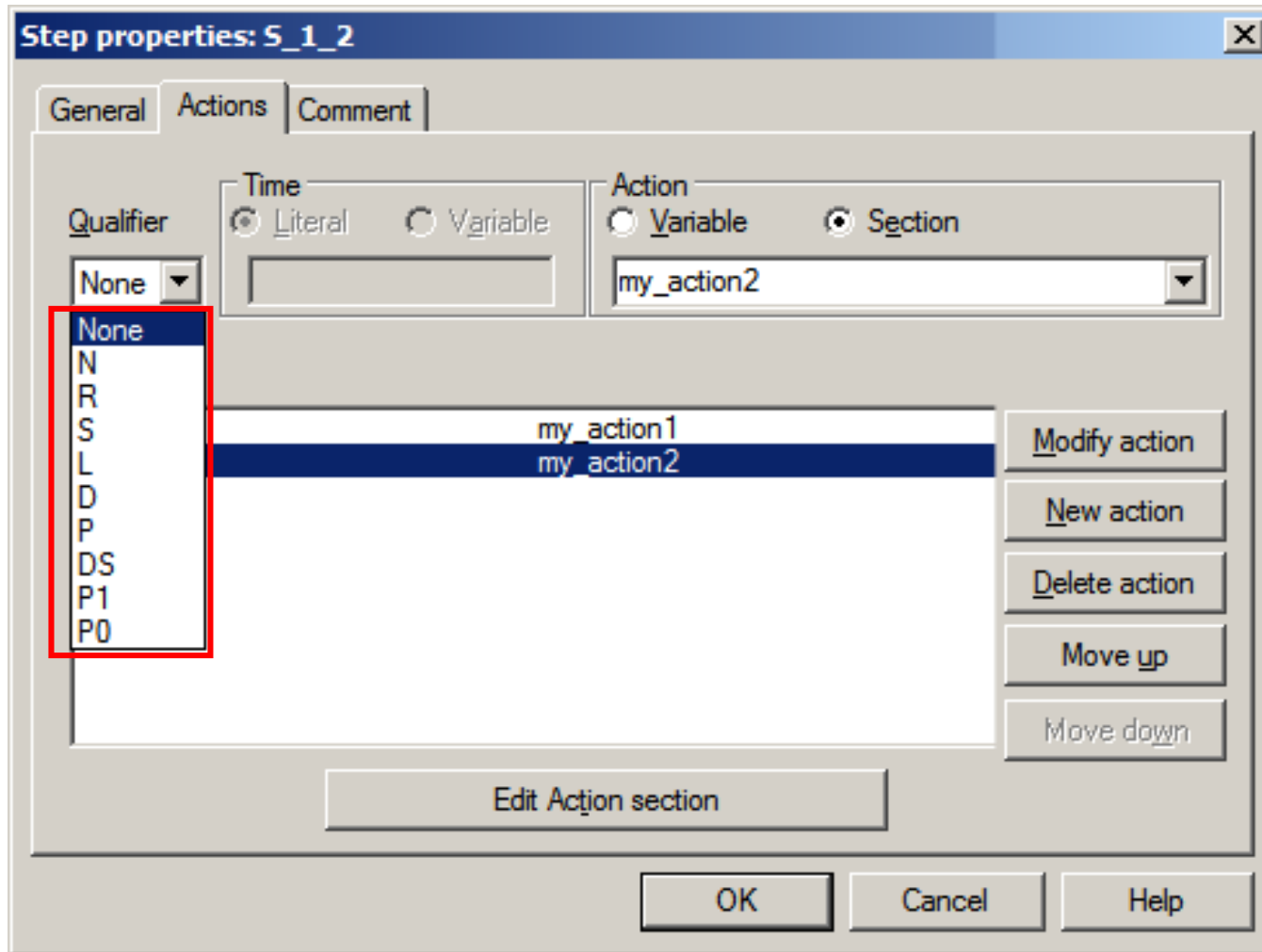
- Transition sections only have **one single output, *transition variable***, whose data type is BOOL. The name of these variables are identical to the names of the transition sections.
- The transition variable can only be used once in written form.
- The transition variable can be read in any position within the project.

Alternatively, can use a ***transition function*** to define the transition logic:

- Only functions can be used. Function blocks or procedures cannot be used.
- **Only one coil** may be used in LD.
- There is only one network, i.e. all functions used are linked with each other either directly or indirectly.
- Transition sections can only be used once.
- **Transition sections belong to the SFC section in which they were defined.** If the respective SFC section is deleted then all transition sections of this SFC section are also deleted automatically.
- Transition sections can be called exclusively from transitions.



## Actions can be of various types



## IST / DEEC / API

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Qualifier (Meaning)	Description
<b>N / None</b> (None)	If the step is active then action is 1 and if the step is inactive the action is 0.
<b>R</b> (Overriding)	The action, which is set in another step with the qualifier S, is reset. The activation of any action can also be prevented.
<b>S</b> (Set)	The set action remains active, even when the associated step becomes inactive. The action only becomes inactive, when it is reset in another step of the current SFC section, using the qualifier R. <b>Note:</b> If an action variable is modified outside of the current SFC section, it may no longer reflect the action's activation state.
<b>P</b> (Pulse)	If the step becomes active, the action becomes 1 and this remains for one program cycle, independent of whether or not the step remains active.
<b>P1</b> (Pulse rising edge)	If the step becomes active (0->1-edge), the action becomes 1 and this remains for one program cycle, independent of whether or not the step remains active. <b>Note:</b> Independent of their position in the action list field, actions with the qualifier P1 are always processed first. More information can be found in the <a href="#">Action</a> of the SFC sequence language.
<b>P0</b> (Pulse falling edge)	If the step becomes inactive (1->0-edge), the action becomes 1 and this remains for one program cycle. <b>Note:</b> Independent of their position in the action list field, actions with the qualifier P0 are always processed last. More information can be found in the <a href="#">Action</a> of the SFC sequence language.

## IST / DEEC / API

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<b>L</b> (Time limited)	If the step is active, the action is also active. After the process of the time duration, defined manually for the action, the action returns to 0, even if the step is still active. The action also becomes 0 if the step is inactive. <b>Note:</b> For this qualifier, an additional duration of data type <code>TIME</code> must be defined.
<b>D</b> (Delayed)	If the step is active, the internal timer is started and the action becomes 1 after the process of the time duration, which was defined manually for the action. If the step becomes inactive after that, the action becomes inactive as well. If the step becomes inactive before the internal time has elapsed then the action does not become active. <b>Note:</b> For this qualifier, an additional duration of data type <code>TIME</code> must be defined.
<b>DS</b> (Delayed and saved)	If the step becomes active, the internal timer is started and the action becomes active after the process of the manually defined time duration. The action first becomes inactive again when qualifier R is used for a reset in another step. If the step becomes inactive before the internal time has elapsed then the action does not become active. <b>Note:</b> For this qualifier, an additional duration of data type <code>TIME</code> must be defined.



**Operating Modes**

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## Steps properties dialog box

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### General tab

Representation of the **General** tab:

Elements of the **General** tab:

Element	Description
<b>Step Name</b>	Enter the <a href="#">step name</a> in this text box.
<b>Initial Step</b>	When this check box is activated, the current step becomes an <a href="#">initial step</a> .
<b>Supervision times and delay</b>	Define the step supervision times and delay time in this area see also section <a href="#">Step times</a> in the Reference manual

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