## Nonlinear Control Systems Homework #7

(Due date: May 14th, 2012)

## May 7, 2012

## **1.** Consider the system

$$\dot{x} = f(x) + G(x)[u + \delta(x, u)],$$

and suppose that there are known smooth functions  $\phi(x)$ , V(x), and  $\rho(x)$ , all vanishing at x = 0, and a known constant k such that

$$c_1 \le ||x||^2 \le V(x) \le c_2 ||x||^2, \qquad \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} [f(x) + G(x)\phi(x)] \le -c_3 ||x||^2$$

and

$$\|\delta(x,\phi(x)+v)\| \le \rho(x) + \kappa_0 \|v\|, \ 0 \le \kappa_0 < 1, \ \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^n, \forall v \in \mathbb{R}^p$$

where  $c_1$  to  $c_3$  are positive constants.

a) Show that it is possible to design a continuous state feedback controller  $u = \gamma(x)$  such that the origin of

$$\dot{x} = f(x) + G(x)[\gamma(x) + \delta(x, \gamma(x))],$$

is globally exponentially stable.

b) Apply the result of part (a) to the system

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2,$$
  
 $\dot{x}_2 = (1+a_1)(x_1^3 + x_2^3) + (1+a_2)u$ 

where  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  are unknown constants that satisfy  $|a_1| \leq 1$  and  $|a_2| \leq 1/2$ 

2. Using backstepping, design a state feedback controller to globally stabilize the system

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2 + a + (x_1 - a^{1/3})^3$$
  
 $\dot{x}_2 = x_1 + u$ 

where a is a known constant.